

Criminal law solutions aimed at combating terrorism in the light of British regulations and Polish criminal law – comparative law study.

This dissertation concerns criminal law and other law solutions aimed at combating terrorism which exist in the British and Polish systems of law. Moreover, it focuses on the changes implemented into Polish law by Ustawa z dnia 10 czerwca 2016r. o działaniach antyterrorystycznych (anti-terrorist activities act) (Dz. U. z 2016r. poz. 904 z późn. zm.) The scope of research also includes the changes in the financial aspect of combating terrorism implemented by ustawa z dnia Ustawa z dnia 1 marca 2018 r. o przeciwdziałaniu praniu pieniędzy oraz finansowaniu terroryzmu (countering of money laundering and financing terrorism act) (Dz. U. z 2018r. poz. 723 z późn. zm.) in Polish law. All the legal structures presented within this dissertation are compared in accordance with the conditions of writing a comparative law scholarship. Apart from the legal solutions in both cases, the research tries to show, in the wide context, the phenomenology and dynamism of terrorism especially in Great Britain in order to rethink if Polish solutions are effective in the aspect of combating terrorism. What more, the dissertation attempts to give a response to the question or whether criminal law is still an independent vehicle in the scope of combating terrorism. The key law institutions in British criminal law are outlined within the first chapter of this dissertation and are intended to facilitate the examination of special criminal law solutions aimed at combating terrorism discussed here within.

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